The GAZETTE OF THE State of South-Carolina.

TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 30, 1777. [No. 2075]

FISHKILL, (NEW-YORK) AUGUST 26.

Hanover, (New Jersey) Aug. 6, 1777.

Mr. Louden,

I take the Freedom to inclose you a Copy of a Letter which I received through the Hands of his Excellency General Washington. The Original I have sent to Congress. The Manner in which it was delivered appears upon this Letter. I beg the favour of you to publish it, with this Letter. Indeed I could wish it to be published in all the States, that the People may see that every Measure is adopted by our Enemies to accomplish their tyrannical Purposes. Nothing is left unattempted which they think may promote their hellish Designs. They are so lost to all Sense of Honour and Honesty, that by their own Feelings they judge it a light Matter for a Person to sacrifice his Honour and Conscience, by betraying the Trust reposed in him by his Country, and assisting them to establish Despotism upon the Ruins of Freedom. This Letter was directed to me as Commander of Ticonderoga, therefore may shew the Importance of having the Command of our important Posts in the Hands of those who have the greatest Attachment, and the strictest Ties to bind them to the Cause of their Country.

I am, Sir, your most humble Servant.

JOHN SULLIVAN.

SIR,

I Have long desired to write my mind on a matter of the very greatest importance to you; but the unhappy situation of things has rendered all intercourse very difficult, and has hitherto prevented me: I now find a man is to be sent for a very different purpose to you, by him I shall contrive to get this letter to you, a person having undertaken to put it in the place of that which was designed to be carried to you. You know me very well, and are acquainted with many circumstances of my life, and have seen me in very trying situations, that might perhaps have been some excuse, yet I am sure you never knew me guilty of any ungentlemanly action, I remind you of this to convince you that you may safely trust what I say to you, as coming from a person who has never trifled with any man.

You know better than I do the situation of your Congress, and the confusion there is among you, and the ruin that impends; you have felt how unequal the forces of your own people are to withstand the power of Great-Britain; and for foreign assistance I need not tell you how precarious and deceitful it must be; France and Spain know they cannot embark in your quarrel without the greatest danger of Great-Britain turning suddenly against and taking possession of their colonies, with so great a force already collected, and in America; besides their fears of raising views of independency in their own colonies, to which they are much disposed. But why should I enlarge on this subject? I am sure you know the futility of all hopes of effectual foreign assistance, and that these hopes have been thrown out only to keep up the spirits of the deluded common people; you therefore will not suffer yourself to be deluded by them; the most you can expect from foreigners is, that they will help, at the expence of your countrymens blood and happiness, to keep up a dispute that will ruin you and distress Great-Britain. It is not the interest of France or Spain that America should be independent; but if it were possible that you could entertain any thoughts, that the hopes of effectual foreign assistance were well grounded, you cannot but know that such assistance must now arrive too late. The last campaign was was almost consumed before the English army could get collected, and in a position to act in America; but now the campaign is just opening, the whole army in the greatest health and spirits, plentifully provided with every thing most needful in the field I do assure you; well acquainted with the country, and placed so as to act briskly, with the greatest efficacy; a few months will therefore probably decide the contest; you must either fight or fly; and in either case ruin seems inevitable. You was the first man in active rebellion, and drew with you the province you live in. What hope, what expectation can you have? You will be one of the first sacrifices to the resentment and justice of government; your family will be ruined, and you must die with ignominy; or if you should be so happy as to escape, you will drag along a tedious life of poverty, misery, and continual apprehensions, in a foreign land.

Now, Sullivan! I have a method to propose to you, if you have resolution and courage enough for it, that will save you, and your family, and estate, from this imminent destruction. It is, in plain English, to tread back the steps you have taken; and do some real, essential, service to your king and country, in aiding to re-establish public tranquility and lawful government. You know I will not deceive you. Every one, who will exert himself for government, will be received; and I do assure you firmly, upon my honour, I am impowered to engage particularly with you, that it shall be the case with you, if you will sincerely endeavour to deserve your pardon. It is not desired of you to declare immediately, nor indeed to declare yourself at all, until you can dispose matters so as to bring the province with you; in order to which, you should, as much as possible, under different pretences, contrive to send every man out of the province, from whom you apprehend difficulty, and to keep at home all those who are friendly to government, or desirous for peace. In the mean time, endeavour to give me all the material intelligence you can collect, and you can get the best; or, if you find it most convenient, you can convey it to General Burgoyne; and by your using my name, he will know whom it comes from, without your mentioning your own name. As soon as you find you can do it with safety and success, declare yourself, and you will find assistance you very little expect, in restoring the province to lawful government. If you do not choose to undertake this, assist me will. And if you continue obstinate on the ground you are on, you may depend upon it, you will suddenly find it fall and burst under you like the springing of a mine. What I recommend to you is not only prudent, safe, and necessary, it is right, it is honourable. That you early embarked in the rebellion is true; perhaps you mistook the popular delusion for the cause of your country (as many others did, who have returned to their duty) and you engaged in it warmly; but when you found your error, you earnestly returned, you saved the province you had engaged far from devastation and ruin, and you rendered most essential services to your king and country; for which I engage you my word you will receive pardon, you will secure your estate, and be further amply rewarded. Your past conduct has been unworthy, your return will be praise-worthy. What is all this expence of human life for, these deluges of human blood? Very probably only to set afloat some lawless despotic tyrant in the room of our lawful king.

I conceive you must be surrounded with embarrassments; you may perhaps find difficulty in getting a letter to me; possibly the fellow who carries this to you, may be set to be hunted; he thinks indeed he carries you a letter very different from this, and I suppose will be frightened a good deal when he finds the charge that has been put upon him, and that I am in possession of the letter he was intended to carry. Yet I have understood he has a family here, and will, I suppose wish to return, and knows well enough it is in my power to procure him pardon, and reward; and I imagine he thinks (as I trust most people do) that I am never forgetful of a man who does any thing to oblige me; how will consider how far you may trust him, how far it is prudent to do it; and you can sound him, and see whether he wishes to return, and whether he is likely to answer the purpose; and if you think proper you may engage to him, that I will protect him, and reward him, if he brings me safely a letter from you.

I could say a great deal more on this subject, but I must close my letter, lest it should be too late. Be sincere and steady, and give me an occasion to shew myself

Your sincere Friend,

PETER LIVIUS.

This letter was taken out of a canteen with a false bottom, by General Schuyler, at Fort Edward, this 16th day of June, in the presence of

Benjamin Hicks, captain.
Henry B. Livingston, A.D.C. to General Schuyler.
John W. Wendell, captain.
John Lansing, jun. secretary to General Schuyler.

I certify upon honour, that this letter was taken out of a canteen, which I delivered to General Schuyler, which canteen I received from Col. Van Dyck, who separated part of the wire from the false bottom, to see whether it was the canteen I was sent for, and who, after taking out this letter, and letting out some rum, returned it into the canteen without breaking the seals.

June 16, 1777. BAR. J. V. VALKENBURGH, Lieut.

New Advertisements.

To be SOLD,

THE two Tenements in Broad Street, between Mrs. Ellis's and Dr. Garden's. Any person inclined to purchase may treat with DANIEL LEGARE.

To be sold for Cash,

NED, a very valuable Negro Man,

HE lately belonged to Mr. Hinkley, on John's Island, and is well known to be a good driver, butcher, boatman, &c. I employed him as a patroon, but having sold my boat, have therefore no occasion for his other qualifications. If he should not be disposed of at private sale by Saturday the 11th of October, he will be sold on that day at Mr. Wells's door, about 12 o'clock, to the highest bidder. PHILIP TIDYMAN.

To be SOLD,

On Wednesday the 15th of October, precisely at ten o'clock, at the House of Paul Snyder, in Old Church-street,

SUndry articles of Household Furniture, viz. a mahogany bedstead, a mahogany desk, a fire screen, a counterpane, and a pair of fire dogs, being effects belonging to a gentleman, who (God reward him for his honesty!) on account of these hard times, was obliged to leave them for the payment of his board and lodging.

To be SOLD,

On Thursday the 16th day of October next, at Keith-field, near Monk's-Corner,

UPwards of one hundred head of Horses, belonging to the estate of Dr. William Keith deceased: They will be put up in small lots. The conditions of the sale are cash. W. KEITH, Executor.

To avoid confusion, such as intend to purchase, are requested to bring their brands.

ALL Persons indebted to the Estate of Dr. William Keith deceased, are desired to pay their respective accounts to the subscriber, on or before the 31 day of November next. All accounts not paid by that time, will be placed in the hands of an attorney, to be recovered according to law. W. KEITH, Executor.

ALL Persons indebted to the estate of Francis Rapp, deceased, are desired to pay their respective debts, on or before the first of January next, or they will be sued without further notice; and all who have any claims on that estate are requested to call for payment of

MARGARET RUFF, Administratrix.

THE Subscriber takes this method to acquaint his friends, and the public in general, that the very great prices he is obliged to give for family necessities, obliges him to ask Six Shillings and Three pence per Yard for weaving coarse Negro Cloth, which is not equal to one Shilling and six-pence, as necessaries were formerly.

HENRY CALWELL.

N. B. He would take two or three boys, white or black, as apprentices.

FOUND last sunday fortnight, by a Negro boy, between the Quarter-House and Ashley-Ferry,

A New SADDLE,

The owner may have it by applying at Major Scott's plantation on Ashley River.

THE Subscriber is in want of two White Men to drive carts; also three or four negroes to lead carts, to whom extraordinary wages will be given and punctual pay every Saturday night. If white men or handy negroes cannot be procured before the 10th of October, I will sell on that day Four Carts and eight Horses, together with their geering, to the highest bidders. The Carts are as good as new, not having been in use more than 4 months; at the same time will be sold a very neat saddle or chair Horse.

LAUGHLIN MARTIN.

Congaree, June 10, 1771.

MR. Malachi Wetsch, advertises a Bay Horse about six years old, thirteen hands and an half high, trots and canters, has a long star and snip, hanging mane, and switch tail, and is branded on the off shoulder X.

Mr. James Freeman advertises a Bay Horse, with a small bell on, about six years old, 13 hands high, paces a travel, and is branded on the mounting shoulder IB, on the mounting buttock with something resembling a fire-rub iron, and on the off shoulder N. I.

Mr. Richard Adams advertises a Grey Mare, about 4 years old, and 13 hands high, paces and trots, and is branded on the off shoulder and under the mane W.

The Owners of the above strays may prove their properties before PHILIP PEARSON.

STrayed into my plantation on Charles-Town Neck, near the Ship Yard, a Black Gelding, aged, has only one eye, and branded on the mounting shoulder 3.

Whoever owns the above stray, must prove his property before J. TROUP, Esq; JOHN DARBY.

N. B. An overseer is wanted for the above plantation; a single man will be most agreeable; none need apply without being properly recommended.—Good wages will be given.

THE following strays were brought to me to be tolled, viz. A bay HORSE about 13 hands high, branded on the mounting shoulder JG, and has but one eye, in the possession of Anthony Ritz, of St. George's parish.

A bay HORSE, about 13 hands high, branded on the near buttock WH, and on both shoulders other brands, but rather obscure—said horse is about 10 or 11 years old, and in the possession of Mr. Henry Byfal.

A grey MARE about 13 hands high, branded, and has a young horse colt, broke into my field some weeks ago.

The owners may prove their property before

Sept. 1, 1777. WILLIAM MORGAN.

RAN away from the subscriber, a negro wench named SYLVIA, formerly the property of William Easton, is about 45 years of age, pock marked, speaks good English, and is much addicted to liquor. She is supposed to be about the plantations on James Island. I will give one hundred pounds to any person giving information of her being harboured by a white person, so that he or she may be prosecuted and convicted; twenty pounds if harboured by a negro; or ten pounds for the delivery of her to the Warden of the workhouse, or to

DAVID MILLING.

American Intelligence.

FISH-KILL, AUGUST 24.

By several deserters from the British army at Kingsbridge, examined at Peeks Kill, we have the following information.—That Col. Rhetter's regiment, stationed between Col. Cortland's and the North rivers, consists of about 400 men, with a other Hessian regiments, 300 men each. One regiment at Fort Washington, and one at Fort Independence, 300 men each; the whole commanded by General Schmidt. Hessians they keep a picket of 50 men advanced about a mile from their main body.—That they have 2 field-pieces to each battalion.—That Bowin's corps consists of about 450, stationed at Kingsbridge; De Lancey's 450, Bayard's 280, Col. Fanning's 460, the New-York volunteers, commanded by Col. Grant, 150; the 35th British regiment, of 250 men, lie at Morrisania, Miller's and Col. Robinson's lying at Morrisania, consisting about 300. General Clinton has the command of the British troops, and General Schmidt the Hessians;—a great number of Hessians are sick in the New-York hospital.

Extract of a letter from Albany, Aug. 22.

"I have the pleasure to communicate to you an agreeable piece of intelligence. Last wednesday about 9 o'clock an engagement ensued between a part of the militia of Tryon county, under the command of General Herkimer, and a party of Savages, Tories and regulars, about 16 miles between Fort Stanwix and Fort Schuyler. It lasted till 5 o'clock in the afternoon, when the enemy thought proper to retire, leaving General Herkimer master of the field; unluckily, however, the General and many valuable officers were killed in the beginning. This however did no ways intimidate or shake the order of the field, and the General, altho' he had two wounds, kept his

the field till the action was over; he seated himself down on a log, with his sword drawn, unloading his gun. The enemy left on this occasion some of their chief men; such as Joseph Brandt, William Johnston, Peter Johnston (bastards of the late Sir William Johnston) Stephen Watts, Johannes Joft Herkemer (a brother to the General) and a number of others, Indians and regulars. About one o'clock the same day Col. Gansevoort having received information of Gen. Herkemer's march, sent Lieut. Colonel Willet out with 200 men to attack an encampment of the enemy, and thereby facilitate General Herkemer's march to the fort. In this the Col: succeeded; for after an engagement of an hour he had completely routed the enemy, took one Captain and four privates prisoners. The baggage taken was very considerable; such as money, bear-skins, officers baggage, and camp equipage; one of the soldiers had for his share a scarlet coat, trimmed with gold lace to the full, and three laced hats. The plunder at the most moderate computation exceeds 2000 l. When the Col returned to the fort he discovered 200 regulars in full march to attack him, he immediately ordered his men to prepare for battle, and having a field piece with him, Capt. Savage of the artillery so directed its fire, as to play in conjuction with one out of the fort, these, with a brisk fire from his small arms, soon made these heroes scamper off with great loss. Col. Willet then marched with his booty into the fort, where he arrived at four the same day, having not a single man killed or wounded. This account we have from a man, who was in the engagement, and left the fort on Thursday night last. We expect daily to hear of another engagement at that place.

"We have this moment received an account that the enemy had left Saratoga, but what route they have taken is unknown."

HARTFORD, AUGUST 22.

There is adjoining to Pittsfield, a place called Jericho. From this place 40 men marched, under Col. Brown, for Bennington; on their way 18 of them deserted, and went over to the enemy. After the battle 25 of the 18 traitors were found dead upon the field. The remaining 22 were in the action, signalized themselves by their bravery, and came off unhurt —May all villains and traitors meet a similar fate to that of the fifteen.

NORWICH, AUGUST 25.

We are informed, that General Lincoln, with a detached party from our army at Half-Moon, in order to join General Starks (but did not arrive before he repulsed the enemy) fell in with and took 70 of them.

Yesterday fortnight arrived in a safe port at the eastward, a prize brig, of 160 tons burthen, taken by the ship Oliver-Cromwell, Capt. Seth Harding; having on board 150 barrels of bread and flour, 140 of pork and beef, 280 firkins of butter, besides porter, wine, and sundry packages of valuable merchandize.

BALTIMORE, AUGUST 26.

On thursday last appeared off the mouth of Patapsco river, the enemy's fleet, consisting of near 300 sail of men of war, transports, &c. They came to anchor just below the Bodkin Point, where they continued till friday, when they weighed anchor, set sail, and proceeded up to the mouth of Elk river, and came to off Turkey Point, within sight of Cecil Court-House and Charles-Town; it has been reported they landed some of their troops, but it proceeded from their sending a number of boats to Persuse island, lying between Harford and Kent counties, on which was a large stock of cattle, sheep, &c some of which they have taken off. Should they attempt to land on the main they may depend on having a proper reception. We flatter ourselves of having it in our power to say as much for the Maryland militia, as now is, with justice, said of the brave New England Militia under the command of Brigadier Gen. Stark, at Bennington.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 26.

Soon after the retreat of General Howe from New-Jersey, on the 28th of June, he began to embark his army for a secret expedition, got the whole in order for sailing, and left Sandy Hook on the 23d of July, with near 300 sail, and stood to the Southward, when, after shewing themselves several times at our Capes, and elsewhere along this coast, they arrived at the Capes of Virginia, and on the 22d instant came to anchor off Turkey-Point. [*Turkey-Point is formed by Elk and North East rivers, at the head of the East side of Chesepeak-Bay, and 62 miles from this city*] where they began to land on Monday morning, the 25th inst. as appears by the following letter:

Extract of a letter from Head of Elk, Monday 11 o'clock.

"Mr. Brown, express from Elk Ferry, informs, that he saw a large number of troops land and form in the field, above Mr. Thomas Savins, not less than 2000, and were still landing from all the ships, so that the whole will be landed this evening."

On saturday last arrived here a tender, mounting 6 carriage and 8 swivel guns, belonging to the Pearl frigate, taken by the barges of the ship and scooner Delaware, in sight of the Pearl, who was chased by Capt. Alexander, from near Reedy Island, to three miles below Bombay-Hook.

On the enemy's fleet appearing off Baltimore, the disaffected inhabitants, were all seized, and sent under a strong guard to Frederick's-Town.

Last Sunday morning part of the continental army, amounting to about ten thousand men, with his Excellency General Washington at their head, marched through this city, and immediately proceeded over the river Schuylkill, on their way, it is said, to the eastern shore of Maryland, where the enemy's fleet have lately been seen, and its thought will make a descent upon that State. And yesterday morning Gen. Nash's brigade of North Carolina forces, and Col. Proctor's regiment of artillery, passed through this city, and we hear are to pursue the same route, in order to join our most illustrious General.

FISH-KILL, AUGUST 28.

Extract of a Letter from Albany, dated August 25.

"We have this moment received an account by express, that on friday morning last, General St. Leger kept up a brisk cannonade against Fort Schuyler 'till 3 o'clock in the afternoon, when he marched off with great precipitation, towards Oswego; and well for him, for had he continued the siege 'till General Arnold had arrived, no doubt, his whole army would have been cut off. I am afraid, Mr. Burgoyne will take it also into his head to go off: if he does not, I am of opinion he will pay for his presumption. Our troops are in great spirits, and increasing every day."

Last saturday, near Kingsbridge, several prisoners were taken by our scouts, among them is, a regular Captain, a Lieutenant, and some Tories.

HARTFORD, SEPTEMBER 1.

A gentleman from NUMBER FOUR informs, that a families (lately residing in the neighbourhood of Bennington) arrived there and informs, that Governor Skeene died of a wound he received in his thigh at the late battle with General STARKS. His death is much lamented by all the real friends of America, as his advice might have been productive of another victory.——BURGOYNE! *how art thou fallen! to trust a fine body of troops* ("too valuable, to let any considerable loss be hazarded.") *to the advice of that infatuated poor old man* SKEENE!

KINGSTON, SEPTEMBER 1.

A gentleman directly from Elizabeth-Town, in New-Jersey, gives us the following account, viz.

That General Sullivan with a body of troops, said to be upwards of 2000, chiefly of the New Jersey militia, on friday the 22d ult. made an excursion from New-Jersey to Staaten-Island, where, it is said, were posted of the enemy, one regiment of British regulars, two regiments of Hessians, and two incomplete regiments of new raised levies, under the command of the enemy's new provincial Colonels, Lawrence of Staaten Island, and Barton of New-Jersey.

General Sullivan with his Continental troops and some of the militia, crossed the Kills at the Blazing Star ferry, and was soon after joined by the rest of the militia from Elizabeth-Town. They proceeded to the house of Col. Lawrence, and made him a prisoner; which was the first notice the enemy had of their being upon the island. With little opposition they also made prisoners of Col. Barton, Major Drummond, (both whom had been members of Convention) 6 Captains, 7 Subalterns, upwards of 200 priestes, among whom were some regulars, took 300 stand of arms, and a considerable quantity of valuable plunder was made by the soldiers. One of the militia, a very poor man, having straggled from the rest, in search of plunder, met with a chest (supposed to be an officer's) which he broke open, and found therein, besides wearing apparel, &c. a considerable sum of money in Dollars and Half-Joes. The soldier having no pockets, or other convenience for carrying the money, put it into a stocking he found in the chest, and without taking any thing else but the money, brought that off on his shoulder, being almost as much as he could conveniently carry.

It is said that several letters and papers of consequence fell into the General's hands.—He staid on the island all that day and night, and part of the next day, during which time he had 28 skirmishes with the enemy, in every one of which he repulsed them—nor did they dare to molest him in his retreat, which was made at his leisure. Forty of his men were missing, for whom he waited some time, and as they did not return, he concluded they were either killed or taken. The arms and some of the plunder, &c. were put on board a vessel belonging to New York, which he seized, with some salt and West-India goods on board, and they were all safely landed in Elizabeth-Town, where the General with his men, and prisoners, was also arrived before the gentleman who gives this account left that place.

BALTIMORE, SEPTEMBER 2.

We have taken 100 of the enemy prisoners, near Elk, and 16 more have deserted to our army. Their army, it is said, consists of 12,000. General Washington has 14,000 regulars, and will soon have 8 or 10,000 militia.

WILLIAMSBURGH, SEPT. 5.

Extract of a letter from a General officer, to his Excellency the Governor, dated Christianstein, Aug. 27.

"The enemy have landed on the North side of Elk, opposite to Cecil Court-House; a body of about 4000 have advanced four miles towards the head of Elk. I was reconnoitering within four miles of them yesterday. A sergeant and 2 sailors have deserted them, but as I have not seen them can give no particular intelligence.

PHILADELPHIA, SEPTEMBER 6.

We hear, that since the enemy have landed at the Elk, the number of prisoners and deserters from them amount to 160. Friday last several of them were brought to this city.

By the accounts of deserters from the enemy, their situation must be very disagreeable and distressing, as the number of sick is considerable, having increased greatly since they landed; and they are so closely watched by the militia, that they dare not venture out far to procure fresh provisions. That numbers of seamen as well as soldiers are determined to desert the first opportunity: the latter in particular are greatly dissatisfied, on account of their bad provisions, for which even best part of their pay is stopped, as they do not receive more two-pence halfpenny a day, and when that happens to be paid them, it is not in their power to purchase any vegetables, which the poor fellows are now more desirous of than ever they were of liquor. And that soon after their landing they lost near thirty horses, having turned them into a corn field, where the creatures eat to such excess that they expired before the English farriers could discover their disorder, and administer any thing to their relief.

BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 8.

Friday last about 400 of the prisoners taken at Bennington, were brought to town, and put on board the guard-ships prepared for their reception.

Monday last Capt. Fisk, in the Massachusetts ship of war, sent in a letter of mark ship, Richard Jones late master, from Liverpoole, bound for Halifax and New-York, with a valuable cargo.

Tuesday last arrived safe in port, a prize brig, with a valuable cargo of iron, &c.

Wednesday last arrived at a safe port, a prize brig, laden with Dry Fish, taken by a small privateer belonging to Salem, which also took two vessels laden with coal, who were retaken by the enemy and burnt last thursday night, off Marblehead.

The Creature, a privateer brig of 14 six-pounders, owned at Salem and Beverly, has taken and carried into a safe port at the eastward, a ship of 600 tons burthen, laden with sugar, &c. from Jamaica bound for London.

Thursday last arrived at a safe port, the richest prize, 'tis said, taken during the war; having on board *two hundred and forty-seven* bales of the 1st and 2d cloths, besides a great quantity of other valuable articles: she was bound from London for Leghorn, and taken by Capt. John Lee of Newberry-Port.

By a gentleman arrived in town last friday from Worthington, which he left last monday, we are informed, that an account was received there just before he came away, that General Arnold had fallen in with, and killed and taken, a great part of St. Leger's army, on their retreat from the siege of Fort Schuyler.

BOSTON, SEPTEMBER 11.

Tuesday arrived safe in port, a prize brig laden with oil, taken by the Tartar privateer, Capt. John Grimes.

Same day arrived the Oliver-Cromwell privateer, Capt. Harding, belonging to the state of Connecticut, and brot in with him, a packet-boat from Jamaica, bound to England, having on board a considerable sum of specie, a captain of a 74-gun ship, and a number of other passengers.

Extract of a letter from Wilmington, August 26.

"The enemy have landed their men, and are within 9 miles of the head of Elk; they set with great caution, even to timidity. The militia are collecting, and in 3 days we shall have 30 000 men round them: we are afraid they will not keep the river, but keep possession of the neck of land called Turkey Point."

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in the Northern army.

"Among the many brave militia, who were in the action of the 16th at Bennington, I think the Rev. Mr. Allen of Pittsfield ought not to be unnoticed. At the commencement of the action he marched up within a few yards of the enemy's breastwork, and demanded a surrender in the name of the Congress: he received a shower of balls for answer, with the epithet of a damn'd old Yankee; but he soon returned at the head of the Pittsfield militia, and was one of the first over the breastwork."

In CONGRESS, June 14. 1777.

RESOLVED,

THAT the FLAG of the United States be THIRTEEN STRIPES alternate red and white; and the Union be THIRTEEN STARS white in a blue field, representing a new constellation. *Extract from the minutes.*

CHARLES THOMSON, Secretary.

THE ANNIVERSARY MEETING of the Society for the Relief of the Widows and Orphans of the Clergy of the Church of England in the State of South-Carolina, will be holden on Thursday the 2d of October next, when a Sermon will be preached, and an Anthem performed, at St. Michael's Church. The Members are desired to meet at ten o'clock in the Vestry-Room.

To be SOLD,

The Subscriber's valuable Plantation,

Thirty miles from Charles-Town, and 8 from a landing,

CONTAINING 600 acres old measure; one half of which is excellent Rice Swamp, the other half is fit for indico, corn, &c. and has on it an overseer's house, barn, corn-house, and every other necessary out-building. This place is one of the best calculated for raising Stock of any kind, of any in South-Carolina; there being an extraordinary fine range all round it. Three or four years credit will be given. Any person inclinable to purchase, may apply to Mr. John Joor, at the Cypress, or to the subscriber on Sullivant's Island. Also,

Four rice stores in Dorchester, sufficient to contain 400 Barrels; they are well calculated for a dry goods store; apply as above. JOSEPH JOOR.

To be sold,

A Plantation on the road leading from Black river to Santee, within a few miles of George-Town, and not more than 3 miles from a landing on Sampit, to which a large scooner can come; containing 1500 acres, of which 300 are excellent swamp, and remainder good high land, with a vast quantity of very large cedar trees, bounding N.W. on William Michau's land. ALSO, a plantation on Broad-river, containing 500 acres, bounding N. upon James Rantowle's land, W. on John Nichol's, and S. and E. on Hans Ralma's. ALSO, another plantation, upon a branch of Edisto river, containing 300 acres, adjoining land of John Gaillard, esq. ALSO, a plantation on Edisto river, containing 300 acres, between Jacob Iser and John Pendarvis's land. For more particulars, apply to THOMAS PREPOR, Esquire.

SUSANNAH ALLEN informs me, of a brown Bay Mare, branded on the mounting shoulder and buttock like 9H, having strayed into her pasture, about five miles from Dorchester. The owner must prove his property before JOHN TROUP, J.P.

JAMES OLIPHANT intending very soon to decline business and reside in the country, will be much obliged to those indebted to him, for a settlement before he goes: Those who do not settle, must blame themselves only, if, after having been called upon more than once, and now in this public manner, they find their accompts, bonds or notes in the hands of an attorney at law, to be sued for.—Those who have plate or jewellery in his hands to be mended, &c. are requested to take it away before or on the 15th of September at furthest.

WANTED to purchase, a good light Chaise. Whoever hath such to dispose of, may hear of a purchaser, at Doct. LIBERTAS's in Queen street.

DESERTED from the ship Union, and said to be about Santee, a *French* carpenter, named *Jean Rotier*, about 5 feet 7 inches high, very brown complexion, long roman nose, and wears his hair, which is brown. Whoever apprehends and delivers him on board the said ship, or gives such information that he may be taken, shall have a reward of FIFTY POUNDS currency, from

E. ROCHE.

THE copartnership of JOHN and BAZIL LANNEAU being dissolved, they request the favour of all persons indebted to them, to make payment as soon as possible, that they may be enabled to close their concerns, for which purpose the books are in the hands of

BAZIL LANNEAU.

Who, continuing the SHOE-MAKER's BUSINESS in all its branches, will be much obliged to the former good friends and customers of the copartnership, for the continuance of their favours; and will always keep a supply of

DRAWING BOOT LEGS,

not inferior to any ever imported, and will be made in the best manner at his shop in HARLESTON, facing the jail.

STOLEN out of the subscriber's yard,

ON the 7th of Aug. *(supposed by one of the negroes who usually fetch water from his house)*

A silver PAP SPOON marked T D M

Whoever will return the same, or give information where it is, shall have Two Dollars reward. JOHN WARD.

We congratulate our readers upon the intelligence contained in the following letters, all published by order of Congress.—And hope soon to have the pleasure of giving them further accounts of the success of the American arms; as, according to the last advices, the grand armies, of the glorious General Washington, and the lavadar Howe, were not more than 5 miles distant from each other; the former 3 miles below Wilmington, and the latter upon Iron Hill on the eastern shore of Maryland—where the Tories, instead of joining Howe, as he expected, are said to have all turned tail, to join the great Deliverer of America; warned, by the ill-fated timidity of many of the inhabitants of New-York and the Jerseys, who, by meanly preferring the strongest side (as they thought it) are now most heartily despised by both, divested of property, and reduced to vagabond soldiers, and butchers of their brethren and countrymen.

Extract of a letter from General Schuyler to His Excellency General Washington, dated Forts, five miles below Stillwater, August 15. 1777.

PHILADELPHIA, AUGUST 26.

I Am just informed that Lieutenant Col. Willett is arrived at Albany. He advises that after the engagement which General Herkemer had with the enemy, Col. Gansevoort ordered a party with 260 men, commanded by Lieut. Col. Willet; that he made a successful attack on part of the enemy's line, drove them across the river, and killed many. That Sir John Johnson, he is informed, was among the slain. That he took and brought off a considerable quantity of baggage. That on his return he had been ambuscaded, and attacked by a body of regular troops, who, after a fire by which Willet did not lose one man, were charged with fixed bayonets, and drove. He further informs, that between 3 and 400 Indians were killed, wounded, and left the besiegers after the engagement. That the militia with General Herkemer lost about 160 killed and wounded. That Gen. St. Leger, who commands the enemy's force in that quarter, sent in a flag to demand the delivery of the fort, offering that the garison should march out with their baggage, and not be molested by the Savages. That if this was not complied with he would not answer for the conduct of the Indians, if the garison fell into their hands; and that they would certainly fall on the inhabitants. That Gen. Burgoyne was in possession of Albany. [*The public are desired to take notice, that Lieut. Col. Willet did not inform, "that Gen. Burgoyne was in possession of Albany," but that General St. Leger sent this false information to Col Gansevoort, in order to induce him to surrender the fort.*] That Col. Gansevoort after animadverting on the barbarity and cruelty of the British officers, in suffering women and children to be butchered as they had done, informed the flag that he was resolved to defend the fort to the last; that he would never give it up as long as there was a man left alive to defend it. That he was well supplied with provisions and ammunition.

"Col. Gansevoort being informed that the militia were dispirited, expecting that the fort would soon fall, sent Lieut. Col. Willet to cheer up their spirits. That he found the militia of Tryon county collecting with great alacrity, and as Gen. Arnold, with the troops marched under his command, will probably reach the German flats on the 16th or 17th, I have great hopes that the siege will soon be raised."

Published by order of Congress,
CHARLES THOMSON, *Secretary.*

PHILADELPHIA, September 6.

"Head-Quarters, August 25, 1777.

SIR,

A Messenger is just arrived with the inclosed letters from General Arnold and Col. Gansevoort, I am happy in communicating them to your Excellency. Great honour is due to Col. Gansevoort, Lieut. Col. Willet, and the officers and soldiers under their command. I cannot too warmly recommend them to Congress. The gallant defence of Fort Stanwix, must convince all the western nations of Indians, of the superiority of the American arms. I am, sir, *Your most obedient servant,*

HORATIO GATES.

His Excellency John Hancock, Esq; President of Congress.

"Head-Quarters, August 28, 1777.

SIR,

IN the packet, I have the honour to transmit to your Excellency a copy of a letter I received last night from Major General Arnold.—The defeat and disgrace, with which the enemy have been obliged to retreat from Fort Schuyler, added to the complete and brilliant victory, gained by General Stark and Col. Warner, at Bennington, gives the brightest lustre to the American arms, and covers the enemies of the United States with infamy and shame.—The horrid murders and scalpings paid for, and encouraged by Lieutenant-General Burgoyne previous to his defeat at Bennington, will for ever stain the honour of the British arms. In one house, the parents with six children, were most cruelly butchered—and this Polite Macaroni paid 10 dollars for each of their scalps.—Heaven has, I hope, in store, some punishment for such unheard of crimes. I am, sir, *Your most obedient humble servant,*

HORATIO GATES.

The Hon. John Hancock, Esq. "

"Fort Schuyler, August 22, 1777.

Dear Sir,

THIS morning at 11 o'clock I began a heavy cannonade upon our enemy's works, which was immediately returned by a number of shells and cannon. About 1 o'clock 7 deserters came in, who informed me, that general St. Leger with his army was retreating with the utmost precipitation; soon after which I sent out a party of about 60 men to enter their camp, who soon returned, and confirmed the above account. I am, dear Sir, *Yours, &c.*

PETER GANSEVOORT, Col.

To General Arnold, or the commanding officer of troops on their march to Fort Schuyler."

Head-Quarters, Wilmington, on Mill-creek above Iron-Hill, August 22d, 1777, 5 o'clock, P.M.

Dear General,

I wrote you the 21st inst. from the German Flats, that from the best intelligence I could procure of the enemy's strength, it was much superior to ours. At the same time inclosed you a copy of the resolutions of a council of war, and requested you to send the Massachusetts regiment of 1000 light troops. As the enemy had made their approaches with a 100 yards of the fort, I was determined at all events to hazard a battle, rather than suffer the garison to fall a sacrifice. This morning I marched from the German Flats for this place. The excessive bad roads and necessary precautions in marching thro' a thick wood, retarded us so much, that we have but this moment reached this place, where I have met an express with the inclosed letter from col Gansevoort, acquainting me the enemy had yesterday left Fort schuyler with great precipitation. I am at a loss to judge their real intentions, whether they have returned home, or retired with a view of engaging us on the road: I am inclined to think the former from the account of the deserters, and from their leaving their tents and considerable baggage, which our people have secured. I shall immediately detach about 900 men to make a forced march to the fort, in hopes of coming up with their rear, and securing their cannon and heavy baggage. I am, &c.

B. ARNOLD.

Hon. major-general GATES. "

"Fort Schuyler, Aug. 24, 1777, 10 o'clock at night.

Dear General,

I Wrote you yesterday that the enemy had retreated from this place. At five o'clock this evening, by a forced march of 22 miles thro' a thick wood, I reached this place, in expectation of harrassing the enemy on their retreat: Col. Gansevoort had anticipated my design, by sending out a small party, who brought in 4 royals, and a considerable quantity of baggage, with a number of prisoners and deserters. The enemy went off with the greatest precipitation, leaving their tents standing, their provisions, ammunition, &c. which has fallen into our hands. I am, dear general, &c.

B. ARNOLD.

Major-General GATES. "

Extract of a Letter from General Washington to Congress, dated Wilmington, Sept. 1, 1777, 8 o'clock, P.M.

THIS morning the enemy came out with a considerable force and three pieces of artillery, against our light advanced corps, and after some pretty smart skirmishing obliged them to retreat, being far inferior in number and without cannon. The loss on either side is not yet ascertained. Ours, though not exactly known, is not very considerable; theirs, we have reason to believe, was much greater, as some of our parties, composed of expert marksmen, had opportunity of giving them several close well directed fires; more particularly in one instance, when a body of riflemen formed a kind of ambuscade. They advanced about a mile this side of Iron-hill, and then withdrew to that place, leaving a picket at Couch's mill, about a mile in front.

"The design of their movement this morning seems to have been to disperse our light troops, who had been troublesome to them, and to gain possession of Iron-hill, to cover with a post, most probably, for covering the retreat in case of accidents." *Published by order of Congress,*

CHARLES THOMSON, *secretary.*

A quarterly meeting of the *South Carolina* Society WILL be held at Pontett's, tavern on Tuesday the 7th of October next, where the members are desired to meet at 11 o'clock in the forenoon.

By order of the society,

JOHN M'CALL, jun. Clerk.

Notice is hereby given,

THAT the vestry and church-wardens of this parish assessed the inhabitants thereof, residents as well as non-residents, last Easter, in the sum of two shillings currency per head on all slaves, the like sum on every hundred acres of land, and one shilling per 100l. on monies at interest, value of town lots, stock in trade, faculties, professions, &c. for defraying the expence of maintaining the poor of this parish: We do now request, that return be made, and the monies paid, to either of the subscribers, before the 1st of December next—on failure whereof executions will be issued against every defaulter, without exception.

MORTON WARING, at Dorchester.
or WILLIAM MORGAN, in Charles-Town.

THE Creditors of Capt. JOHN BREWTON, late of Charles Town deceased, are requested once more, to deliver in their demands to

MARY BREWTON, Executrix.
P. BOURETHEAU, Executor.

William Mathews informs me of a Bright Bay Horse, about 13 hands and an half high, with a small star in his forehead, very short docked, branded on the near shoulder I. k. and on the near buttock (H) about ten years old. The owner must prove his property before me

WILLIAM MOORE, J. P.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

WILLIAM LUYTEN, of the State aforesaid, who is in Custody of the Sheriff for Charles-Town District, by Virtue of Two Writs of Capias ad Respondendum, one at the Suit of John Dart, the other at the Suit of Thomas William Jenkins, having petitioned the Honourable William Henry Drayton, Esq; Chief Justice, and the Associates, Justices of the Court of Common Pleas, that he may be admitted, to the Benefit of the Act made for the Relief of insolvent Debtors: IT IS ORDERED, That the said John Dart, Thomas William Jenkins and all others to whom the said Petitioner is any ways indebted, be, and they are hereby summoned, and have Notice, to appear at the usual Place of Judicature, at the first Sitting of the Court of Common Pleas or General Sessions, which shall happen Three Months after Publication hereof, to shew Cause, if any they can, why the said Petitioner should not have the Benefit of his Petition granted.

WILLIAM MASON, C. C. P.

Common-Pleas Office, Sept. 12, 1777.

Charles-Town, Sept. 23.

LETTERS from Baltimore in Maryland, of the 9th & 10th instant, say, that the fleet which went up Chesapeak bay consisted of 105 sail, amongst them, the Eagle, Britannia, Roebuck, Lerester, and two other 64 gun ships, with 10 frigates—That Sir William Howe has his head-quarters on Iron Hill, with Lord Cornwallis on his left, and General Knyphausen on his right, towards the Delaware, having his army in three divisions: That the main body of General Washington's army lay 3 miles below Wilmington, and two other considerable bodies were very advantageously posted on his right and left, one of them commanded by General Smallwood—That there had been frequent skirmishing between the advanced parties of the two armies; and they both had advanced centinels on the stream called Ridley creek—That disagreements from the fleet were continually going to Delaware either with troops to be landed on that side, to secure a retreat if necessary; or without, to take in any part of Mr. Howe's army that might fly that way, if defeated (an event which, in Maryland, seems little doubted) it being the safest & shortest way to retreat—That it was not probable Mr. Howe would attack General Washington, or advance towards Philadelphia, before the ships had got round, and 'till he had established a chain of posts across the isthmus formed by the waters of Chesepeak and Delaware Bays, from Cecil to Newcastle; so that, if he is not attacked, nothing decisive may happen 'till towards December—That the two brothers had sent off a packet, express, for England, conveyed by the Apollo, a new frigate, and reckoned the fastest sailer in the navy—That nothing can paralize the alacrity and eagerness, with which the Militia fly, from all quarters, to put themselves under the direction of General Washington—And that, the Perseus has lately been sent away with dispatches, it is imagined, to Penobscot, to join Brigadier [*who has, not long since distributed, amongst the Cherokees, Catlab Chickasah, and Creek Indians, more than 5000 guns, 40 bullets per man and ammunition in proportion, with abundant presents and red flags, after urging them strenuously to war, and offering them a piece of strouds for every scalp they should take—who has persuaded the Indians, that our quarrel with the British king, arose, from his recommending to us to love our Red Brethren, while we were determined to extirpate the men, enslave their women and children, and possess ourselves of every foot of their land and every blade of grass upon it—who has left no means unvried to accomplish the assassination of the Swiss worthy agent to the Creeks, George Galphin, Esq; probably, for having influenced a part of that nation not to go to war, and so bringing the assurance given to Mr. Howe, by Mr. Stuart, that "he then had all the Indians ready at his command;" and for whom, by mistake, a Capt. Girard has already been murdered—and to whom the respectable Miss Kirkland has lately arrived from Mr. Howe.—]*

Recent advices from Georgia, give us reason to believe, that their neighbours in East Florida, with soon become very troublesome to the southern parts of that state.

Capt. Groundwater, who commanded the Swift privateer of this port which was lost, and afterwards retaken of the ship Nancy from Jamaica, taken by the Virgen and Washington privateers, but retaken on the 9th of July last by the Perseus man of war, and sent into New-York on the 3d ult. is just returned from captivity, with Mr. Knight, Pilot (who was taken in Capt. Eagle's ship off this bar, and put on board the Perseus, in lieu of Mr. Wm. Pinckney) having made their escape on the 7th inst. together with Mr. Smith, a Virginia Pilot, and seven seamen. Capt. Groundwater speaks of Capt. Fisbourne, who commands the Perseus, with the greatest respect, as every one else has that hath fallen into that gentleman's hands. He saw Capt. Pickering, in one of the prison ships at New-York, and says there are two kinds, one into which all persons taken in armed vessels are put, whose prisons are covered over with tarpaulins, except one small hatch, and who are treated in a manner disgraceful to the British name.

Yesterday a schooner, from Boston for Cape Fear, put in here entirely dismasted.

CHARLES POCKET tells a bay MARE 13 hands and an half high, about 9 years old, a blaze in her face, branded on the mounting shoulder and buttock like D→ or a strung bow and arrow, on the off shoulder S, and off buttock N. Also on the off cheek Br...

CALEB STONE tells a bay Gelding, about 14 hands high and 7 or 8 years old, paces a travel, has a small bell tied on with a piece of a raw hide, and branded S on the mounting shoulder. Also, a bay Gelding, about 14 or 15 years old, 13 hands high, branded, on the mounting side, M on the shoulder, and WS on the buttock.

The owners of the above strays, must prove their property before me, near Duncan's creek, Ninety-Six district.

GEORGE ROSS, J.P.

DAVID Rumph, sen. tells a grey Mare, 13 hands high, 7 years old, branded on the mounting shoulder DaT, the aT in one, and a stroke across the strait side of the D, shewing it was designed for ID in one, another blind brand on the mounting buttock, and a trotter.

Jesse Ritter also tells, a Black Horse, 13 hands 3 inches high, 7 or 8 years old, branded on the mounting shoulder and buttock I L, one hind foot white, and a few white hairs on his nose, a natural pacer. The owners of the above strays may prove their property, in St. George's parish, before JOHN FULLERTON, J.P.

Ten Pounds Reward.

STrayed or stolen on Friday last, a Dark Bay Gelding, about 14 hands high, branded IM. has a small diamond on his forhead and a switch tail; goes in the Saddle or Chair. The above reward will be paid on delivering him in Charles-Town, and if stolen Fifty Pounds will be paid on conviction of the thief, by DANIEL HALL.

THE subscriber takes this method to acquaint the public in general, and his friends in particular, That he purposes entering into the Factorage Business, about the beginning of October next, and hopes he shall be able to give full satisfaction to those that may favour him with their business, as the utmost attention will be given to their interest. Any gentlemen that may please to employ him, may leave their commands at the store of Messrs. Edwards, Fisher and Co. from whence they will be immediately forwarded to their humble servant

SOLOMON LEGARE.

State of South-Carolina.

By his Excellency JOHN RUTLEDGE, *Esq; Governor and Commander in Chief of the State aforesaid.*

A PROCLAMATION.

WHereas it is expedient and necessary, to establish certain regulations for the better maintaining the peace of this town: *I* do therefore order, That the following be strictly observed, viz. That all Seamen repair on board of the vessels to which they belong, at the hour of six every evening, and remain there until the like hour the next morning—That none be entertained at tipling houses between those hours—That negroes be not entertained there at any time—That no bodies of men assemble in a riotous or tumultuous manner—*Any* who carry fire-arms will be disarmed. ——And that no guns be fired (unless by authority) between the beating of the retreat and re eille—Those who transgress these orders, will be apprehended, imprisoned, and otherwise severely punished; of which all whom it may concern are to take due notice, and govern themselves accordingly.

Given under my hand and the great seal of the said State, at Charlestown, the 24th Day of February in the Year of our Lord one Thousand seven hundred and seventy-nine, and in the Third Year of American Independence.

J. RUTLEDGE.

By his Excellency's command,
JOHN HUGER, *Secretary.*

Charlestown, March. 16, 1779.

THE Subscriber intending to depart the state about the latter End of next Month, for the Recovery of his Health, gives this public Notice, That he is ready and willing to appear, answer, or give Bail, as the Case may require, to any Action, Suit, or Summons, that can or may be brought against him, agreeable to an Act of Assembly, commonly called the Attachment Act.

He requests those to whom he may be indebted to call speedily for Payment.

EDMUND EGAN.

To be sold at private Sale, and may be entered immediately,

A Small Plantation in St. Thomas's parish on Wando river, containing 70 acres, most of which is good planting land, the rest is well stocked with fencing stuff, hoop poles and firewood, 30 acres of the above land is cleared and under good fence, fit for planting this Spring. On the premises are a small dwelling house, kitchen, and other convenient buildings. The above tract is about 21 miles from Charlestown, and one mile from Capt Forgatie's ferry, which makes it convenient to attend the markets. *Any* person inclinable to purchase, may treat with

JAMES FOGARTIE, or
PETER MOUZON.

Also, Another Tract of Land in St. James's Santee, containing 40 acres on sea shore about 30 miles from Charlestown. On the premises are, a small dwelling house and kitchen, most of it good planting land. *Any* person inclinable to purchase may treat with

PETER MOUZON.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of Mr. *John* Williams, late of Charlestown, deceased, are desired to make immediate payment; and those who have any legal Demands, to bring them in attested according to law, to

WILLIAM STUKE, } Executors
ROBERT *Austin*, }

FOR Sale, Madera Wine by the pipe and by the dozen, exceeding good; a few dozens of the best Batavia Arrack: Also to be disposed of two genteel Houses in St. Michael's Alley. The conditions of sale will be made known by applying to the subscriber, who requests all those indebted to her to be speedy in their payments, as she intends residing in the country in a short time.

MARY STEVENS.

WAnted, a tract of Pine Land well timbered, near a landing, upon Cooper, Ashley, or Wando Rivers.

JACOB VALK.

To be Sold, on Tuesday the 30th Instant,

Thirty-five Negroes,

Belonging to the estate of *Samuel* Elliott, deceased, among which is a jobbing Carpenter, a faithful fellow, and an excellent boatman; the remainder prime field slaves. Three months credit with approved security will be given.

JOB COLCOCK.

STolen or strayed out of Mr. *Benjamin* Coachman's Plantation on Goose-creek, a dark bay gelding, 14 hands high, branded on the mounting buttock K, has a bell on fastened to a leather collar, and a star in his forehead. Whoever brings the said horse to Mr. Fraser's Plantation on Goose creek to Mr. Michael Peterfhall, shall receive the reward of ten pounds, and fifty pounds on conviction of the thief.

George-Town.

TO be Sold, at Public Auction, on Thursday the 18th Instant, All the sails, rigging, anchors, cables, and one pair of three-pounders, with carriages, saved from the schooner Venture, for the benefit of the under-writers, and all others concerned. The Conditions of the sale are cash.

JAMES WRIGHT.

RUN away from the subscriber, on the 23d of February, a Negro man named Joe, this country born, had on when he went away, an old white cloth jacket, white homespun linen shirt, canvas trowsers, a Forester's hat, and wore bad cap. I imagine he is about town; all masters of vessels are forewarned not to carry him off: Whoever takes him up and delivers him to the warden of the workhouse, shall receive ten dollars reward.

RICHARD HAM.

For Private Sale,

SEveral valuable Tracts of Land in Ninety Six District, on the Branches of Turkey-creek, Long-creek, Serpenan's creek, Rocky-creek, Bird-creek, Gilkey's-creek, Rudy-Fork creek, North-Fork of Pacolet-River, and other Lands in most Parts of the State.

JACOB VALK.

TO be Sold, at Public Vendue on Wednesday, the 24th of March next, at my Room in Church street, at 11 o'Clock,

A Valuable Tract of Land of 1800 Acres, at the Four-Holes, six Miles from Melchior Garner Esq; George Evans deceased, and James Harris's Plantations, 10 Miles from Strawberry-ferry and 30 Miles from Charlestown; 400 Acres of which are excellent Rice Ground and the Remainder good for Indico and Corn with Plenty of valuable Timber.

A Tract of 1500 Acres, in Craven County, bounding on Lands of William Michau and Mr. Simons. Surveyed by George Pawley, jun. in October 1769.

A Tract of 250 Acres on Muddy creek near *Lynch's-creek*, joining Lands of George Snow, Mc. M'Coor and Thomas Snow.

A Tract of 338 Acres in Berkley County on Walnut-creek, joining Lands of Mr. Kedzie, Patrick and Elizabeth Caton and William Crawford.

A Tract of 321 Acres in St. George's parish, on the Southwest Side of Edisto-River, bounding on Lands of Thomas Jenkins and *Lewis* Roffan.

A Tract of 500 Acres in Prince Georg's Parish North of Waccamah, and on Mables-swamp; bounding on Lands of Blake *Leay* White and George Smith.

A Tract of 500 *Acres* on Ox-swamp, Waters of Black River.——A valuable Tract of 500 *Acres* on Ox-swamp, Waters of Black River

A Tract of 350 *Acres* in Berkley County, joining Lands of Jam s Beard, Mr. Graves, Roger Saunders, *Esq*; and Edward Caton.

A Tract of 100 Acres on Little Turkey creek.

And also, A Variety of other Lands, together with the above, will be *Sold* to the highest Bidder, and Credit will be allowed upon good Security, if preferred by the Purchaser, instead of paying the Cash.

JACOB VALK.

For private *Sale*,

THAT noted Plantation, known by the Name of Fosslin's Island, with all Buildings thereon, being well timbered with fine Timber, and calculated for a Brickyard, is about 18 miles from Charlestown by water, on the East Branch of Wando River, with good Landing all around it.

JACOB VALK.

For private Sale,

A Plantation of 400 Acres, on Santee in Pr. Frederick's Parish, about 3 miles above Lenud's Ferry, and about 50 Miles from Charlestown, of which about 250 Acres is River Swamp, and the Remainder excellent high Land for Provision and Indico. And also,

A well timbered Tract of 1150 Acres, for *Pitch*, Tar, Turpentine, and Sawing; suitable to the above Tract, being not above 2 mile distance; any person inclinable to purchase, may apply to *Mr.* Isaac Mayhew, in St. James's Parish, about 2 Miles above the Chapel, or in Charlestown to

JACOB VALK.

THE Gentleman who borrowed the subscriber's BOOKS is earnestly requested to return it immediately.

JOHN COLCOCK.

A Gentleman who resides in the Country, would receive Six Negro Boys or Girls, about Twelve or Fourteen Years Old, for the Space of One Year. The Consideration he would make for their Service would be, to pay Taxes and find them in sufficient Cloathing.

Apply opposite the White Meeting, to

SARAH MILLING.

STolen out of my chest two nights ago, a bundle containing three thousand two hundred continental and Dollars of this State, the denominations of the bills were thirties, twenties, tens, eights, sevens, fives, fours, threes, two's and ones, with a list of the number of each bills. Whoever will give any information of the said money, so that *I* may recover the same, shall be intitled to one hundred dollars reward, paid by Mrs. Mary Stocker, or John Raven Bedon, who hope, that if any negro should attempt to pass any large bills, they may be stopped till they can prove how they came by them.

John Raven Bedon.

For Private Sale,

TWO Hundred and Fifty acres in Craven County, on the waters of Rocky Creek, joining lands of Robert Conters, John Caskey, and Thomas Hutson, David Grim and Mary Coiners, surveyed by Alexander Turner, 1774.

500 acres in Craven county, in the middle fork of Tyger-river.

250 acres in Craven county, on the north side of Tyger river, on Fair Forest creek, joining lands of Zachariah Steadman and John Plails, surveyed by William Wian.

250 acres in Craven county, on the west side of the Watree river, and the north of Twenty-five mile creek, and on both sides Bell's branch, being a branch of Twenty five-mile creek, joining lands of Warner Tucker and Caleb Dowds; surveyed by Joseph Woodward.

400 acres in Craven county, on Doolittle's creek, on the north side of Broad river, joining lands of Robert Elifon; surveyed by John Elifon.

400 acres in Craven county, on Doolittle's creek, on the north side of Broad river, joining lands of —— Pinckerton; surveyed by John Elliton.

500 acres in Granville county, on Hilton Head Island, bounding on lands of William-Hazard Wigg, Jacob Waight, and on the marsh of Broad creek; surveyed by Nathan Dean.

JACOB VALK.

For private Sale,

A Well fenced Plantation on the N. W. side of the Four-hole swamp, about a mile from the bridge: it contains nearly 500 acres, of which one hundred are good oak and hickory land, fit for corn, indico or tobacco, and from 30 to 40 acres of good rice land, which with a small expence of dams, may be overflowed at pleasure; the remainder is well timbered pine land: On the premises are a tolerable dwelling, a corn and peafe house 30 by 15, stable, barn, fowl-house, smoak-house, kitchen and carriage house, with a good orchard of near 280 peach trees, and a few others of the best kind, with excellent water, and is a high, healthy and pleasant settlement, and where there is now fitted up for working a large and compleat full house, 34 by 20, with two fills already fixed with worm and worm tubs, 3 vats for mashing grain, pump tubs, and every other article used in that way; also about three or four hundred bushels of grain for the use of the still, and a mill to grind it that works with one horse.

JACOB VALK.

March 1.

Agreeable to the Directions of an Act of the General Assembly of this State to regulate the Price and Assize of Bread, &c.

I Have enquired the Price of Flour, and find it to be at thirty-five pounds per hundred weight, at which price the ten shillings loaf must weigh as follows:

White	1 lb.	4 oz.	12 drs.
Wheaten	1 lb.	13 oz.	3 drs.
Household	1 lb.	9 oz.	9 drs.

Of which all bakers of bread are required to take due notice. GEORGE SWEED, *commissary general*

THE Subscriber is very sorry to acquaint the parents and guardians of Children, that the high price of paper, &c. obliges him to charge a hundred pounds per ann. for each pupil at the boarding schools, but that those ladies whose circumstances will not allow them to comply with his present terms, may not be prevented from learning to write; he will always be glad to teach such, at his own expence, without any compensation.

BENJAMIN WALLER.

RUN away from my Plantation at the Four-holes, a likely young and sensible Negro Fellow named Neno, late the property of Mr. Thomas Roche; also, a young and likely sensible negro wench named Marianne late the property of John Parker, Esq; and Jacob Valk. Whoever will apprehend the said negroes and deliver them to me or to the Warden of the workhouse in Charlestown will be intitled to a reward of Fifty Pounds, and all reasonable charges, and be paid by me at my plantation, or in Charleston, by Mr. Jacob Valk.

JOHN M'ILLWRAITH.

A Reward of ten *Dollars* will be given by Mrs. Susanna Tennant to any Person that will take up and secure her Negro Girl, Bella: She is a likely young Wench, her complexion inclining a little to yellow, well made and in good flesh, thick set and short not 5 Feet high and near 15 Years old: She has a modest pleasant Countenance, and speaks very good English, is very obliging, sprightly and active; had on, when she left the House, a Habit of Chocolate colour'd course Cloth, and a new check Apron. The Person in whose House she may be found must expect to be treated with all the Severity of the *Law*.

Pursuant to his last Will and Testament JOHN FULLERTON, late of St. George's Parish, deceased, will be sold to the highest Bidder, on WEDNESDAY the 31st of March instant, at his Plantation on the *Four Holes*.

A STOCK of near 40 Head of Tame Cattle, and about 30 Head of Hogs, about 300 Bushels of Corn, 60 Bushels of Rough Rice, and the like Quantity of Peafe, a fine Parcel of Potatoe Seed, with the Plantation Tools, a small Stock of Horses, a Spinning Wheel, Cotton Cards, and some useful Household and Kitchen Furniture; and a Pair of Mullooes.

On the WEDNESDAY following, the 7th of *April*, will be sold in Charleston, before the Exchange,

The above Plantation in St. George's Parish, Four Holes, containing 640 Acres, distant about 47 Miles from Charlestown, and inferior to none in these Parts for Corn, Indigo and Rice, about 300 Acres of it is under good Fence, and ready for planting: Is situated on the west side of the Four Hole Swamp, butting and bounding to the South on Land of James Bailey, to the East on Allen Miles, to the North on Gideon Dupont, and to the West on Land of Peter Horne and James Mims: On the Premises are a new Dwelling House, Barn and every necessary Out-Building, with two Sets of Cypress Indigo Vats. *Also*,

A Tract of 750 Acres in St. Mark's Parish, Craven County, to the Eastward of Wateree River, and to the Southward of Rafting Creek, bounding to the North and East on vacant Land, to the South partly on Land of James Mr. Cormick and partly on Land of Robert Green, and to the West partly on Land laid out to Joseph Fogartie and partly on vacant Land, distant about 26 Miles from Camden.

At the same Time and Place will be sold,

Twenty-one valuable Slaves, among which are good Carpenters, two handy Waiting Men, good House Wenches, and Field Slaves; also, two exceeding good Horses, one a fine Chair Horse, the other a good Saddle Horse; likewise, some good Carpenters Tools, Nails, Closet and Brass Knob Locks and Hinges, a Windsor Chair, and a good Milch Cow.

The Conditions of the Sales are, *Cash* to be paid down for all Purchases not exceeding 100*l.* and all above *Credit* to the 1st of January 1780, paying Interest from the Time of Purchase, and giving such personal Security as shall be required.

The Creditors of the deceased are requested to deliver in an Account of their Demands, fully attested; and such as are indebted to the Estate will soon be called upon for Payment. ELIZABETH FULLERTON, Executrix.

JOSHUA TOOMER, } Executors.
ANTHONY TOOMER, }

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